

CHETCO BAR HAZARDS

CROSSING THE BAR

The bar is the area where the deep waters of the Pacific Ocean meet with the shallower waters near the mouth of the river.

Most accidents and deaths that occur on coastal bars are from capsizing.

Coastal bars may be closed to recreational boats when conditions on the bar are hazardous. Failure to comply with the closure may result in voyage termination, and civil and/or criminal penalties. The regulations are enforced by Coast Guard boarding teams.

Improper loading and/or overloading are major causes of capsizing. Improper/overloaded boats have less stability and less free-board, which can allow seas to break into the vessel, causing the boat to become even less stable.

Boats are more likely to capsize when crossing the bar from the ocean because the seas are on the stern and the boater may have less control over the vessel.

Boaters must make sure the bar is safe prior to crossing. Check with other boaters or the Coast Guard to find out the condition of the bar.

If you are caught on a rough bar running in...

- ◆ Make sure everybody aboard is wearing a personal flotation device.
- ◆ Keep the boat square before the seas.
- ◆ Keep the boat on the back of the swell. Ride the swell and stay clear of the following wave.

Avoid sudden weight shifts from passengers or gear moving around in the boat. If possible, have passengers lie down as near the centerline of the boat as possible.

Do not allow the waves to catch your boat on the side (beam). This condition is called broaching, and can easily result in capsizing.

TIDES

Tides are the vertical rise and fall of the water and tidal current is the horizontal flow of the water. There are roughly four tides each day in the Pacific Northwest. Tidal movement toward the shore or upstream is the flood current. Movement away from the shore or downstream is the ebb current. The period between the two is known as slack water. Tidal currents may gain tremendous velocity, particularly when the ebb current is augmented by river runoff.

- ◆ It is extremely dangerous to get caught on the bar during strong ebb current. Even on days that are relatively calm, fast moving ebb can create bar conditions that are too rough for small craft.
- ◆ Always know the stage of the tide!

BAR AND WEATHER CONDITIONS

Listen to the local broadcast on 1610 AM

WARNING

WHEN

FLASHING

BAR

RESTRICTIONS

IN EFFECT

TUNE AM RADIO

то 1610

ROUGH

BAR

◆ Avoid getting caught on the bar during an ebb tide.

It is normally best to cross the bar during slack water or on a flood tide, when the seas are normally calmest.

REGULATED NAVIGATION AREAS

The Coast Guard has established a Regulated Navigation Area if the yellow lights on this sign are flashing, indicating a restriction has been placed on recreational and uninspected passenger ves-

placed on recreational and uninspected passenger vessels crossing the bar. In accordance with 33 CFR 165.1325, the U.S. Coast Guard has the author-

ity to restrict all recreational and uninspected passenger vessels from crossing the bar when hazardous conditions exist. Failing to comply with posted bar restrictions may result in a maximum civil penalty of \$25,000.00.

WARNING SIGN LOCATIONS

Warning signs are posted at two locations in the port. A white diamond shape sign with orange border indicating "Rough Bar" and amber flashing lights is located at the Coast Guard Station in the Brookings Harbor boat basin. Additional warning signs are located at the boat ramp and at the corner of Lower Harbor Rd. and Boat Basin Rd. These signs are blue in color, have amber flashing lights that read: Warning When Flashing, Bar Restrictions in Effect, Tune to 1610 AM. When the amber lights are flashing on any of the warning signs hazardous conditions are present and a bar restriction is in place. Mariners should tune in to listen to the restriction information.

BAR CONDITIONS AND OBSERVATION REPORTS

Observed weather and bar conditions are updated every four hours or more frequently if there is a significant change in weather. Marine Information Broadcasts on Channel 16 VHF-FM are conducted by the Coast Guard when hazardous bar conditions and restrictions are put into place or are lifted. Mariners are strongly encouraged to monitor channel 16 VHF-FM for all notices and weather updates.

The AM radio broadcast is audible within a 3-mile radius from the Coast Guard Station in Brookings. It provides a continual broadcast on radio station 1610 AM with the latest bar conditions, bar restrictions, and local weather.

You can also access current bar conditions and restriction on your smart phone or hand held device by going to, http://www.wrh.noaa.gov/pqr/marine/BarObs.php.



EMERGENCIES

VHF-FM Radio: Channel 16

If in distress (threatened by grave and imminent danger):

- 1. Make sure radio is on
- 2. Select Channel 16
- 3. Press/Hold the transmit button
- 4. Speak slowly, and clearly say: MAYDAY, MAYDAY, MAYDAY
- **5.** Give the following information:
- ◆ Vessel Name and/or Description ◆ Nature of Emergency
- Position and/or Location Number of People Aboard
- 6. Release the Transmit Button
- 7. Wait for 10 seconds If no response, repeat "Mayday" call. If not in immediate danger, switch to CH 22 and follow the same steps as above, except do not use the word "MAYDAY."

Make Sure Everyone is Wearing a Life Jacket!

Phone 911. Tell the operator that you have a marine emergency. Be ready to provide the same information required in item number 5 of the mayday call.

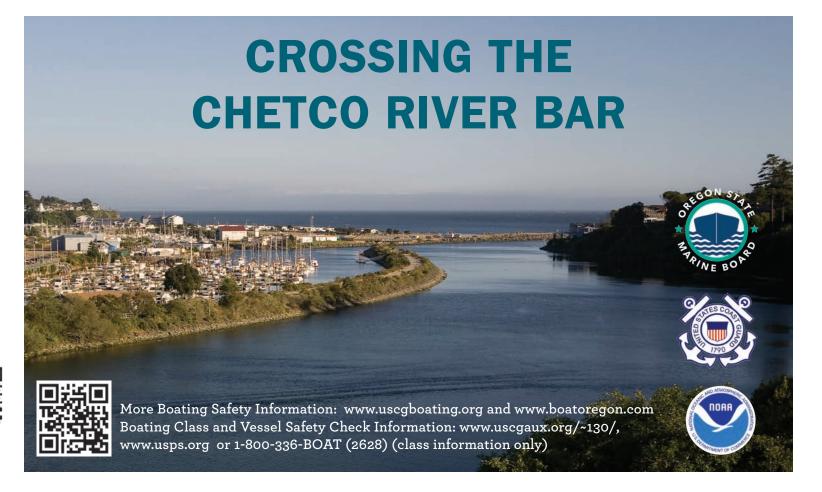
Coast Guard Stations:

Chetco River Brookings, OR (541) 469-3885

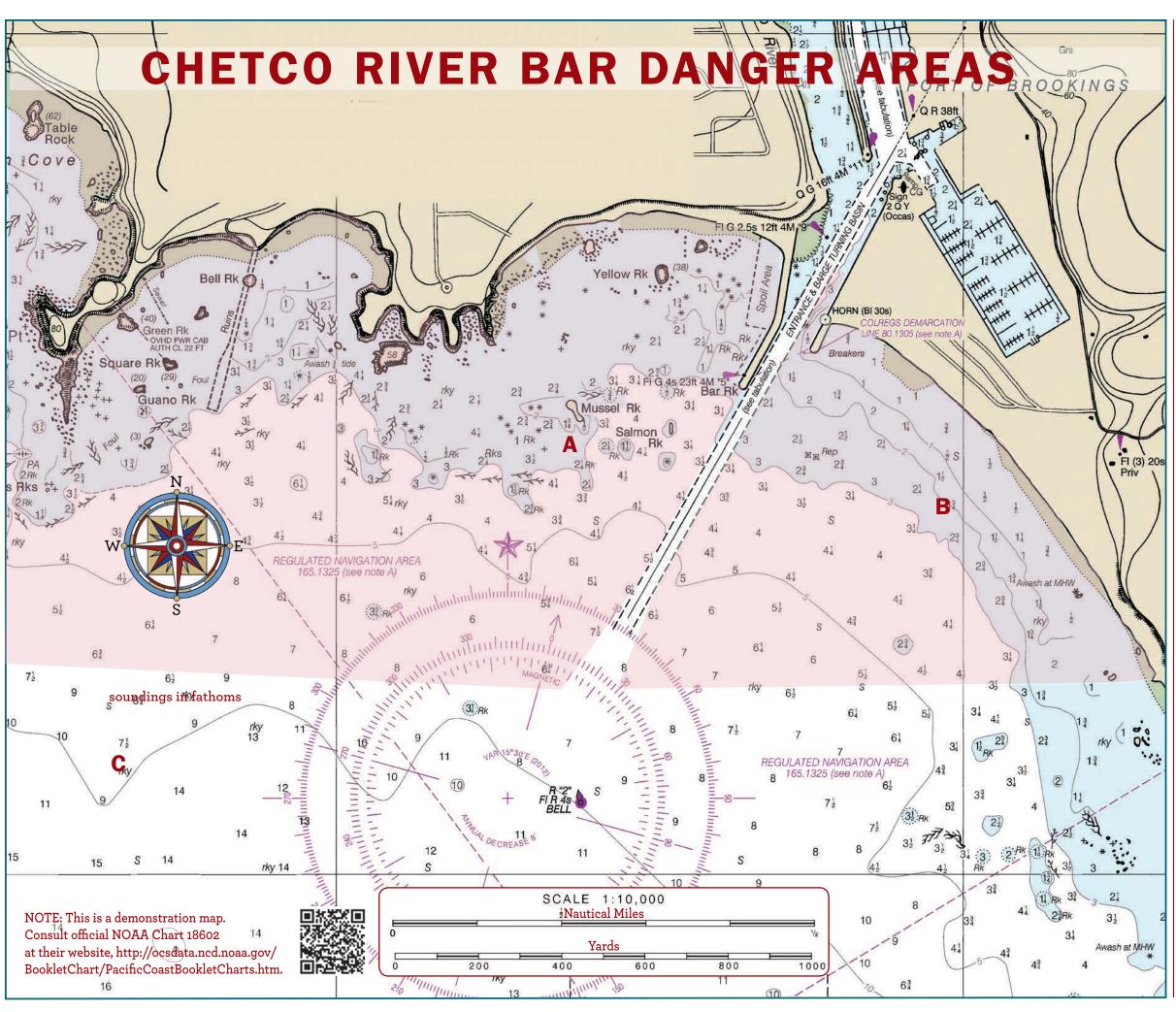
BOATING SAFETY TIPS

- Check Weather, Tide, and Bar Conditions –
 The latest Information Can Be Heard on 1610 AM
- ◆ File a Float Plan With Friends/Relatives
- Don't Overload Your Boat
- Wear Your Life Jacket
- ◆ Carry Flares and a VHF-FM Radio
- Stay Well Clear of Commercial Vessels
- ◆ Have Anchor With Adequate Line
- ◆ Boat Sober









A. West jetty rocky area. This is dangerous because of many rocks and shoaling. At high tide the rocks are covered by water and the area appears to be navigable, but is extremely dangerous. Avoid this area at all times

B. East and west jetty shoal areas. These areas are extremely dangerous at all times because of submerged rocks and breakers. Rocks in these areas may be seen at low tide. Avoid these areas at all times.

Warning: Safe navigation is the responsibility of the operator of each vessel. The Coast Guard and NOAA provide information to assist mariners in navigating safely. The information is updated every four hours or when local bar conditions and or restrictions change. The information provided reflects conditions at the time the bar was observed and may not reflect current conditions. Bar conditions are subject to change without notice. This report should NOT be used as the sole source of information when making a decision to cross the bar. Mariners are advised to use all means available to safely revaluate bar conditions and risk before crossing the bar.

